



带叶兜兰 | *Paphiopedilum hirsutissimum* (Lindl.) Pfitzer

带叶兜兰

绘图: 邹贤桂 栽培及配文: 邹琦丽

带叶兜兰 (*Paphiopedilum hirsutissimum* (Lindl.) Pfitzer), 叶基生, 长20—25厘米, 宽约2—3厘米, 无毛。花茎绿色被深紫色毛, 长约25厘米, 几与叶等长, 具1花。花直径可达10厘米, 中萼片宽卵形, 花瓣长匙形, 边缘内折有缘毛, 唇瓣兜状, 绿色有紫色小斑点。分布于印度亚萨姆, 和我国广西、云南、贵州等地。常生于海拔1000—1500m的山区林下潮湿石灰岩石上。1991年春引种至桂林雁山, 翌年4月开花。花雅致, 色彩稳。本种耐阴, 喜凉爽, 容易栽种, 适宜家庭和普通温室种植, 有较高的观赏价值。

Paphiopedilum hirsutissimum (Lindl.) Pfitzer

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Paphiopedilum hirsutissimum (Lindl.) Pfitzer in Engler's Bot. Jahrb. 18: 41. 1894. (*Cypripedium hirsutissimum* Lindl.)

Leaves basal, 20—25 cm long, 2—3 cm wide, Scape 25 cm long, green with dark purple hairs, Flowers solitary, 10 cm across. Sepal intercalated broad-ovate. Petals longispatulate and ciliate. Lip calceiform, green with purple spots.

The species is distributed in Assam of India and Yunnan, Guangxi and Guizhou provinces of China, at alt. 1000—1500m on moist limestone rocks in forest.

The plant was introduced to Yanshan, Guilin, Guangxi from Guizhou in the spring, 1991, flowering in April 1992. Flowering phase is over 30 days.

The species is valuable for cultivating because of its tasteful flower. It is tolerance and easy to grow, etc.

Checking: Wen Hequn